

METU
ONLINE ENGLISH
PROFICIENCY EXAM
(METU-EPE)

The Content of the Exam

Due to the measures taken against Covid-19, METU EPE is administered online. Due to technical issues that may arise during an online exam, the "Listening", "Performance Task", and "Search Reading" sections of the EPE will not be included in the content of this exam. In this respect, the final form of the content of the online EPE is given in Table 1.

To access detailed information about the content of the exam (including questions types, and sample questions etc.), see the webpage via the following URL: <https://epe.metu.edu.tr/EpeKitapcigi.pdf>

Table 1: Question Types Planned to be Included in the Online EPE and Related Information

	Question Type	Number of Questions	Points	Duration
1.	Reading (4 texts + 1 graph)	24	24 x 2.5 points = 60 points	60 minutes
2.	Vocabulary	20	20 x 0.5 points = 10 points	10 minutes
3.	Writing	1 question	30 points	30 minutes
	Total	45	100 points	100 minutes

1. Reading (Allocated time: 60 minutes)

In this section of the test, there will be 4 long (about 1,000 word in length each) and 1 short (graph reading) text, which makes 5 texts in total. This section requires 24 multiple choice questions to be answered. Each question is worth 2.5 points, and the total weight of the Reading Section will be 60 points (60% of the total exam score).

2. Vocabulary (Allocated time: 10 minutes)

This section consists of 20 multiple choice vocabulary questions. Each question is worth 0.5 points, and the total weight of this section will be 10 points (10% of the total exam score).

3. Writing (Allocated time: 30 minutes)

There will be 1 question in this section. It will require you to write a text with about 180 words. This section will have a total weight of 30 points (30% of the total exam score). The candidates will have to complete this section by **typing** their responses.

Required Hardware and Software

For the exam to be administered with no technical problems, the candidates have to make sure that the following technical requirements are met:

- a) A computer (A PC with Windows 7 or higher, or MAC) with a stable internet connection.
(Questions cannot be answered through Tablet Computers and Mobile Phones as they are not compatible with the exam interface)
- b) Safe Exam Browser (**version 2.4.1**), which is free for personal use.
(https://safeexambrowser.org/download_en.html#Windows)
- c) Candidates need to have either another computer or a tablet or mobile phone, either of which must have a webcam and a stable internet connection so that exam proctors can invigilate the candidates during the exam by using Cisco Webex). Whether you have a second computer, a tablet or a mobile phone, your device must support the above-mentioned video conferencing tool.
- d) Stable Internet Connection

Headphones or earbuds will not be allowed in the exam.

We suggest that those who do not have access to one or more of the technical requirements stated above, or those who cannot borrow them from their relatives or acquaintances, get in contact with

any of the institutions which are specified in the announcement made by the Council of Higher Education on May 27, 2020. According to the announcement, in order to use internet connection and/or computers, candidates can refer to universities in their cities, or to the institutions affiliated to the Ministry of Education, or as a last resort, other public institutions. The letter that Council of Higher Education sent to these institutions will allow you to use the devices that are available.

You can **ONLY** access the exam through **Safe Exam Browser (SEB)**. Therefore, you need to have installed and configured the browser **BEFORE** the exam. You need to install SEB version 2.4 and you need to check the exam announcement at the link below for the "Start URL" address (<http://epe.metu.edu.tr>).

The information for installing and configuring SEB on a MAC, please visit <http://epe.metu.edu.tr>.

Exam Platform

The following images are given below merely to present the platform and they do not represent real exam content.

You will receive an email providing you with a *Username* and a *Password* before the exam day. **You will have to change the password that is sent to you via email.** The information regarding this will be included in the email. On the exam day, you will use your own password and the username to access the platform. **Without the username and password that you have selected, you will not have access to the exam. You can access your exam results using the same username and password.**

After signing in, you will be able to access the exam by clicking the link that is provided on the page that you opened. You will start with the Careful Reading section, then continue with the Vocabulary section, and finally you will do the Writing section. In order to start the Vocabulary section, you must complete and submit the Reading section. Similarly, in order to start the Writing section, you must complete and submit the Vocabulary section.

Each section of the exam will automatically close when the allocated time is over. (The duration for the Reading section is about 60 minutes; for the Vocabulary section about 10 minutes; and for the Writing section 30 minutes). If you finish a section early, the time remaining from that section will **not be added** to the following sections.

1) Screenshot of the Exam (Reading Section)

You can click on the numbers here to navigate between the questions. You can click on icon [i] to see the relevant reading text.

The reading text will be on the right side of the page. The text and the questions can be scrolled up and down separately.

Quiz navigation

i	1	2	3	4	5
6	i	7	8	9	10
11	12				

Finish attempt ...

Time left 0:56:01

You can check how much time you have here.

Information
Flag question

Reading comprehension

Read the text on the right. To scroll, click in the text and use your arrow keys.
The questions on the left can be scrolled independently using the browser scroll bar.

Question 1
Answer saved
Marked out of 2.50
Flag question

1. How does the information in paragraph B relate to paragraph C?

Select one:

- a. Paragraph B defines trolls, and paragraph C provides evidence that is found through text analysis on CNN.com.
- b. Paragraph B presents how trolls are generally characterized, and paragraph C opposes that view.
- c. Paragraph B presents research evidence on individual troll characteristics, and paragraph C supports it by presenting experiment results.

Clear my choice

TEXT I

A "Fail at life. Go bomb yourself." Comments like this one, found on a CNN article about how women perceive themselves, are prevalent today across the internet, whether it's Facebook, Reddit, or a news website. Such behavior can range from profanity and name-calling to personal attacks, sexual harassment, or hate speech. A recent Pew Internet Survey found that four out of 10 people online have been harassed online, with far more having witnessed such behavior. Trolling has become so rampant that several websites have even resorted to completely removing comments.

B Many believe that trolling is done by a small, vocal minority of sociopathic individuals. This belief has been reinforced not only in the media, but also in past research on trolling, which focused on interviewing these individuals. Some studies even showed that trolls have predisposing personal and biological traits, such as sadism and a propensity to seek excessive stimulation.

C But what if all trolls aren't born trolls? What if they are ordinary people like you and me? In our research, we found that people can be influenced to troll others under the right circumstances in an online community. By analyzing 16 million comments made on CNN.com and conducting an online controlled experiment, we identified two key factors that can lead ordinary people to troll.

The link **"Finish attempt"** directs you to the "Summary of attempt" page so that you can submit your answers.

Quiz navigation

i 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Finish attempt ...

Time left 0:56:05

If you're not sure of an answer, you can flag that question.

Information
Flag question

Reading comprehension

Read the text on the right. To scroll, click in the text and use your arrow keys. The questions on the left can be scrolled independently using the browser scroll bar.

Question 7
Not yet answered
Marked out of 2.50
Flag question

7. What is the function of paragraph A?

Select one:

- a. It explains unexpected findings regarding the development of a rare animal species.
- b. It introduces similar research findings by two biologists from different countries.
- c. It shows how the understanding of the evolutionary process varied in two decades.

Question 8
Not yet answered
Marked out of 2.50
Flag question

8. Why does the writer use the phrase "a splash of paint on a white wall" in paragraph B?

Select one:

- a. To help the reader recognize the significance of short-term mutation rates
- b. To help the reader see the similarity between mutation and natural selection
- c. To help the reader understand the causes of different mutation rates

Previous page

Next page

You can navigate between the texts and the questions (Back)

You can navigate between the texts and the questions (Forward)

TEXT II

A In the 1950s, the Finnish biologist Björn Kurtén noticed something unusual in the fossilized horses he was studying. When he compared the shapes of the bones of species separated by only a few generations, he could detect lots of small but significant changes. Horse species separated by millions of years, however, showed far fewer differences in their bone structure. Subsequent studies over the next half century found similar effects—organisms appeared to evolve more quickly when biologists tracked them over shorter timescales. Then, in the mid-2000s, Simon Ho, an evolutionary biologist at the University of Sydney, encountered a similar phenomenon in the genomes he was analyzing. When he calculated how quickly DNA mutations accumulated in birds over just a few thousand years, Ho found the genomes full of small mutations. This indicated a rapidly ticking evolutionary clock. But when he zoomed out and compared DNA sequences separated by millions of years, he found something very different. The evolutionary clock had slowed to a crawl.

B Baffled by his results, Ho set to work trying to figure out what was going on. He stumbled upon Kurtén's 1959 work and realized that the differences in rates of physical change Kurtén saw also appeared in genetic sequences. His instincts as an evolutionary biologist told him that the mutation rates he was seeing in the short term were the correct ones. The genomes varied at only a few locations, and each change was as obvious as a splash of paint on a white wall. But if more splashes of paint appear on a wall, they will gradually conceal some of the original color beneath new layers. Similarly, evolution and natural selection write over the initial mutations that appear over short timescales. Over millions of years, an A in the DNA may become a T, but in the intervening time it may be a C or a G for a while. Ho believes that this mutational saturation is a major cause of what he calls the time-dependent rate phenomenon.

C "Think of it like the stock market," Ho said. "Look at the hourly or daily fluctuations of Standard & Poor's 500 index, and it will appear wildly unstable, swinging this way and that. Zoom out, however, and the market appears much more stable as the daily shifts start to average out. In the same way, the forces of natural selection weed out the less advantageous and more deleterious mutations over time." Ho's discovery of the time-dependent rate phenomenon in the genome had major implications for biologists. It meant that many of the dates they used as bookmarks when reading life's saga—everything from the first split between eukaryotes and prokaryotes billions of years ago to the re-emergence of the Ebola virus in 2014—could be wrong. "When this work came out, everyone went 'Oh. Oh, dear,'" said Rob Lanfear, an evolutionary biologist at the Australian National University in Canberra.

At the end of this part, click on the **"Finish attempt"** button. A new page will open. On this page, check whether you have answered all the questions. **If there are any unanswered questions, you can click on the "Return to attempt" button to go back and answer those questions.** **"Quiz Navigation"** part on the top left corner of the page will help you to see the relevant question/text. You can also use the **"Next page"** or **"Previous page"** buttons at the bottom of the page. Click on the **"Submit all and finish"** button. On the page you are directed, click on the **"Back to the course"** button and start the Vocabulary section of the exam.

Summary of attempt

Question	Status
	Answer saved

[Return to attempt](#)

Time left **0:55:21**

This attempt must be submitted by **Friday, 18 November 2020, 7:33 PM.**

[Submit all and finish](#)

2) Screenshot of the Exam (Vocabulary Section)

The screenshot shows the exam interface for Question 4. On the left, a 'Quiz navigation' panel contains buttons for questions 1 through 10, with question 4 highlighted. Below it are 'Finish attempt ...' and 'Time left 0:08:54' buttons. The main area displays 'Question 4', 'Not yet answered', 'Marked out of 0.50', and a 'Flag question' icon. The question text is 'Mark the alternative that is closest in meaning to the given word.' The word 'SPECIMEN' is shown. Below it, 'Select one:' is followed by five radio button options: a. sample, b. construction, c. institution, d. requirement, and e. characteristic. At the bottom, there are 'Previous page' and 'Next page' buttons.

<< You can navigate between the questions. >>

The screenshot shows the exam interface for Question 10. On the left, a 'Quiz navigation' panel contains buttons for questions 1 through 10, with question 10 highlighted. Below it are 'Finish attempt ...' and 'Time left 0:08:40' buttons. The main area displays 'Question 10', 'Not yet answered', 'Marked out of 0.50', and a 'Flag question' icon. The question text is 'Mark the alternative that is closest in meaning to the given word.' The word 'GRADUALLY' is shown. Below it, 'Select one:' is followed by five radio button options: a. regularly, b. actively, c. quietly, d. highly, and e. slowly. At the bottom, there are 'Previous page' and 'Finish attempt ...' buttons.

At the end of this part, click on the **“Finish attempt”** button. A new page will open. On this page, check whether you have answered all the questions. **If there are any unanswered questions, you can click on the “Return to attempt” button to go back and answer those questions.** **“Quiz Navigation”** part on the top left corner of the page will help you to see the relevant question/text. You can also use the **“Next page”** or **“Previous page”** buttons at the bottom of the page. Click on the **“Submit all and finish”** button. On the page you are directed, click on the **“Back to the course”** button and start the Writing section of the exam.

In the Reading and Vocabulary sections of the exam, your incorrect answers will not have any effect on the scoring of your correct answers. Therefore, it is important to select the option you think to be correct.

3) Screenshot of the Exam (Writing Section)

Question 1
Not yet answered
Marked out of 30.00
Flag question

Write a response to the given situation in about 180 words. You have 30 minutes to complete the task. The assessment criteria for your writing include:

- the development of ideas
- the organization and presentation of ideas
- the accurate and appropriate use of language
- the range of sentence structures and vocabulary

One of your professors has given a lecture on the features of a healthy city. Below are some of the points mentioned in the lecture:

- healthy physical environment (recreational areas, quality of buildings, etc.)
- sufficient educational opportunities (schools at all levels, etc.)
- easy access to health services (sufficient number of health professionals, etc.)

Now write about which **two** features of a healthy city you find most important. Support your ideas with specific reasons and/or relevant examples. You are free to use the points mentioned in the lecture and/or your own ideas.

Type your answer here.

Exam question
>>>

At the end of this part, click on the **"Finish attempt"** button. On the page **"Summary of attempt"** you are directed, click on the **"Submit all and finish"**. On the page you are directed, click on the **"Back to the course"** button and then, when you see the sentence **"THIS IS THE END OF THE EXAM"** you can quit the Safe Exam Browser.

If you cannot finish writing your paragraph within the allocated time and the exam closes before you click on the **"Submit all and finish"** button, the system will upload the saved part of your answer to be assessed.

Your score will not be announced immediately on finishing the exam. The result of the exam will be announced on the date specified on the academic calendar.

Video Conference Program

You must have a mobile phone, tablet or a second computer with a camera and Internet connection, and they must be compatible with the video conference program (Cisco Webex) so that the proctors can monitor you during the exam. If you try to log in with a different name, you will not be admitted to the session.

For the necessary information to take the exam, please follow the link below:

<http://epe.metu.edu.tr>.

At this stage, you must have at least two official identity cards (passport, driving license, national/international ID, etc.) and must show them when asked. If your identity is not verified, it can result in the cancellation of your exam.

Once ID verification is over, you must open the Safe Exam Browser (SEB) and log in to the exam platform with your specified username and password. The proctor(s) will assist you.

During the exam, you must never leave the video conferencing program or the camera view in a way that the proctors are not able to see you. Therefore, you will be asked from time to time to check whether the program is still running during the exam.

The rules of the exam and further detailed information can be reached at <http://epe.metu.edu.tr>.